## Nittoseiko Analytech



## NIST No. 1616b (Sulfur in Kerosene (Low Level))

Sheet No.: NSX2100V-PE-004E Petroleum chemistry

Measurement model: TS-2100V System Relevant standard: ASTM D5453 ASC-250L/VF-210/SD-210 JIS K 2541

Detection method: Ultraviolet Fluorescence method

The sulfur content in heating oil becomes sulfur oxide (SOx) during combustion and directly affects the atmospheric air pollution as substance of concern. For this reason, it needs to be low concentration and the quantitation method complying it is required. The sulfur analysis device (**TS-2100V**) of Mitsubishi Chemical Analytech Co., Ltd. can analyze the sulfur in heating oil quickly with accuracy.

Sample name	Sulfur in Kerosene (Low Level)					
Analytical item	Quantitative analysis of sulfur in combustion method					
Standard	<u>ASTM-D5453</u> : standard testing method for measuring sulfur contained in carbon hydride and fuel using an ultraviolet fluorescence detector <u>JIS K 2541</u> : raw petroleum and petroleum product – sulfur content testing method – ultraviolet fluorescence method					
Analytical principle  Result of sulfur analysis  Vertical combustion method	Ultraviolet fluorescence method: Sample is burned in argon / oxygen stream and the generated sulfur dioxide is introduced to the cell of ultraviolet irradiation. The fluorescence intensity generated by ultraviolet irradiation is measured and the amount of sulfur is calculated based on the standard curve that has been created using the standard sulfur sample. $ \text{Organic-S} + O_2 \rightarrow SO_2 + CO_2  \text{(combustion)} \\ SO_2 + \text{hv} \rightarrow SO_2 + \text{hv}_2  \text{(ultraviolet fluorescence)} $					
	Sample name	TS-2100V analysis value (S mg/kg)				
		1	2	3	Average	RSD (%)
	Sulfur in Kerosene (Low Level)	8.38	8.33	8.37	8.36	0.27
Required analysis time	Pretreatment () minutes, Measurement ( 4) minutes Total ( 4) minutes/ (1)measurement					
Vertical type						

<sup>\*</sup>This sheet is provided as a reference and does not guarantee analytical values. Optimal conditions may vary depending on external factors, such as the analysis environment, and the nature of the sample.

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Conditions of

sulfur analysis

combustion

method



**Measurement condition** 

Temperature of electric furnace

Gas flow rate
Ar...... 100mL/min

O<sub>2</sub> ...... 500mL/min

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Inlet Temp} & 900^{\circ}\text{C} & \text{Ar time: 30sec} \\ \text{Outlet Temp} & 1,000^{\circ}\text{C} & \text{O}_{2} \text{ time: 120sec} \\ \text{PMT Range} & \text{High (for Low concentration)} \end{array}$ 

Vertical PMT Range High (for Low concentration

Standard sample for standard curve: S\_Dibutyl disulfide / toluene

 $0, 1, 10, 50, 100 \mu g/mL \times 30 \mu L$ 

Amount of introduced sample: 30µL

- The sample was not diluted, but was introduced directly.